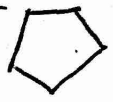






Unit 7, Day 01 Angles of Polygons Skills Practice

Name Master E
Date _____ Block _____

1-5: Write the definition for each term and draw a picture to illustrate it.

1. Polygon A closed figure formed by a finite # of coplanar segments called sides 
2. Convex Polygon A polygon with each interior angle less than 180 degrees 
3. Concave Polygon A polygon that is not convex. It will always have at least one reflex interior angle (an angle between 180 & 360 degrees) 
4. Regular Polygon A polygon that has \cong sides & angles 
5. Irregular Polygon A polygon that does not have \cong sides and angles 

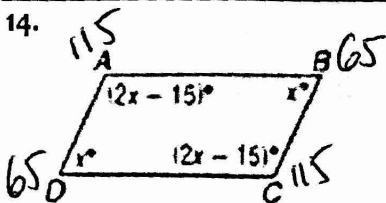
6-9: Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of each convex polygon. $(n-2)180$

- | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| 6. Nonagon $n=9$
$7(180)$
1260° | 7. Heptagon $n=7$
$5(180)$
900° | 8. Decagon $n=10$
$8(180)$
1440° | 9. 13-gon
$11(180)$
1980° |
|--|--|---|--|

10-13: The measure of an interior angle of a regular polygon is given. Find the number of sides for each polygon.

- | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 10. 108°
$\frac{108}{72}$
$360 \div 72 = (5)$ | 11. 120°
$\frac{120}{60}$
$\frac{360}{60} = (10)$ | 12. 150°
$\frac{150}{30}$
$\frac{360}{30} = (12)$ | 13. 156°
$\frac{156}{24}$
$\frac{360}{24} = (15)$ |
|--|--|--|--|

14-17: Find the measure of each interior angle using the given information.

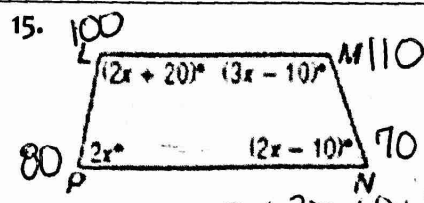


$$x + 2x - 15 + x + 2x - 15 = 360$$

$$6x - 30 = 360$$

$$6x = 390$$

$$x = 65$$

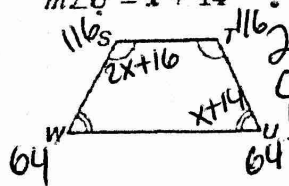


$$2x + 2x - 10 + 3x - 10 + 2x + 20 = 360$$

$$9x = 360$$

$$x = 40$$

16. quadrilateral $STUV$ with $\angle S = \angle T$,
 $\angle U = \angle W$, $m\angle S = 2x + 16$,
 $m\angle U = x + 14$



$$2(2x+16) + 2(x+14) = 360$$

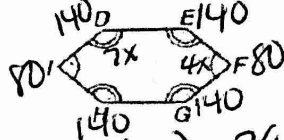
$$4x + 32 + 2x + 28 = 360$$

$$6x + 60 = 360$$

$$6x = 300$$

$$x = 50$$

17. hexagon $DEFGHI$ with
 $\angle D = \angle E = \angle G = \angle H$, $\angle F = \angle I$,
 $m\angle D = 7x$, $m\angle F = 4x$



$$4(7x) + 2(4x) = 720$$

$$28x + 8x = 720$$

$$36x = 720$$

$$x = 20$$

18-21: For each regular polygon given, find the measure of an interior angle and an exterior angle.

18. quadrilateral $n=4$

$$I = 90$$

$$E = 90$$

19. Pentagon $n=5$

$$I = 180 - 72 = 108$$

$$E = \frac{360}{5} = 72$$

20. Dodecagon $n=12$

$$I = 180 - 30 = 150$$

$$E = \frac{360}{12} = 30$$

21. 18-gon

$$I = 180 - 20 = 160$$

$$E = \frac{360}{18} = 20$$

22-25: Given the number of sides of each regular polygon, find the measure of an interior and an exterior angle. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

22. 8

$$I = 180 - 45 = 135$$

$$E = \frac{360}{8} = 45$$

23. 9

$$I = 180 - 40 = 140$$

$$E = \frac{360}{9} = 40$$

24. 13

$$I = 180 - 27.7 = 152.3$$

$$E = \frac{360}{13} \approx 27.7$$

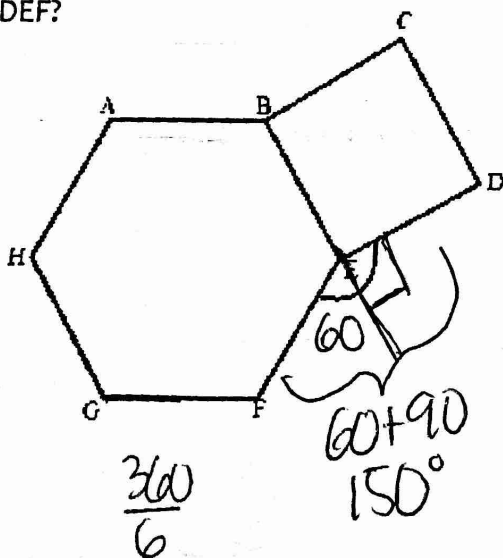
25. 20

$$I = 180 - 18 = 162$$

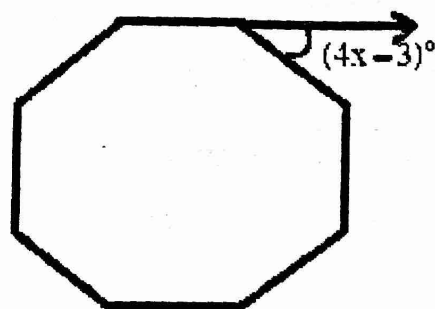
$$E = \frac{360}{20} = 18$$

26-27: Apply your knowledge of regular polygons to answer each question.

- 26: Regular Hexagon $ABEFG$ and regular quadrilateral $BCDE$ meet at vertices B and E and share a common edge BE . What is the measure of angle DEF ?



27. Find the value of x in the regular octagon.



$$8(4x-3) = 360$$

$$32x - 24 = 360$$

$$32x = 384$$

$$x = 12$$