## 5-6 Inequalities In Two Triang

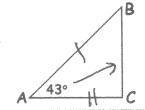
The relationship of the sides and the angle between them illustrates the following theorem.

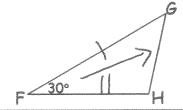
## Hinge Theorem (SAS Inequality):

If two sides of a triangle are <u>Congruent</u> to two sides of another triangle, and the included angle of the first is greater/less than the included angle of the second triangle, then the third side of the first triangle is <u>areator/less</u> than the third side of the second triangle.

Example: If  $AB \cong FG$ , and  $AC \cong FH$ , and

m/A > m/F, then BC > GH



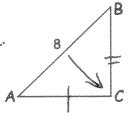


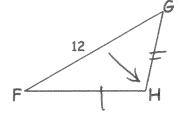
Converse of the Hinge Theorem (SSS Inequality):

If two sides of a triangle are <u>Congruent</u> to two sides of another triangle, and the third side in the first triangle is <u>aventurless</u> than the third side in the second triangle, then the included angle measure of the first triangle is \_areacr/ than the included angle measure in the second triangle.

Example: If  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{FH}$ , and  $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{GH}$ , and

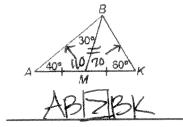
FG > AB, then m H > m C



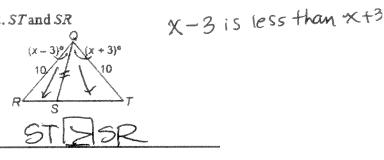


Compare the given measures.

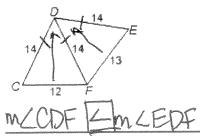
1. AB and BK



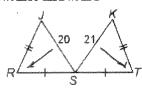
2. ST and SR



3.  $m \angle CDF$  and  $m \angle EDF$ 

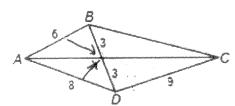


4.  $m \angle R$  and  $m \angle T$ 

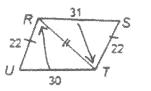


## Complete the statement with an inequality that compares each side or angle measure.

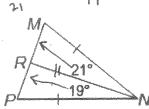
17. mZBXA \_\_\_\_mZDXA



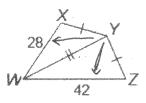
\_m\_TRU SSS # 



21. MR

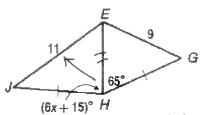


22. m\_XYW \_\_\_ m\_wYZ



## Find the range of possible values for x using the Hinge Theorem.

23.



Abut the > must be less than 180,50 6XHITZ 180

24.

6X<165 XC27.5